- 1 1. A method comprising:
- 2 forming an arrayed waveguide grating including an
- 3 output slab waveguide coupled to a pair of output
- 4 waveguides coupled to a directional coupler.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, including coupling a
- 2 directional coupler to said output slab waveguide and
- 3 coupling a pair of first and second output waveguides
- 4 between said output slab wavequide and directional coupler.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2 including making the
- 2 primary channel spacing between paired first and second
- 3 waveguides coupled to the same coupler different than the
- 4 secondary channel spacing between the first waveguides
- 5 coupled to different but adjacent couplers.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3 including making the
- 2 secondary channel spacing greater than the primary channel
- 3 spacing.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1, including forming the
- 2 pairs of waveguides with a length difference of
- 3 approximately $(2m+1)\lambda_c/4n_{eff}$, where m is an integer, λ_c is
- 4 the average center wavelength, and $n_{\rm eff}$ is the effective
- 5 refractive index of the waveguides.

- 1 6. The method of claim 1 including forming said
- 2 grating on a planar light circuit.
- 1 7. The method of claim 1 including creating output
- 2 signals having a flat spectral shape.
- 1 8. An arrayed waveguide grating comprising:
- an input and an output waveguide;
- 3 a waveguide array;
- an output slab waveguide coupled to said array
- 5 and said output waveguides; and
- a directional coupler coupled to two output
- 7 waveguides also coupled to said slab waveguide.
- 1 9. The grating of claim 8 wherein said output
- 2 waveguides coupled to the same coupler have a length
- 3 difference of approximately $(2m+1)\lambda_c/4n_{eff}$, where m is an
- 4 integer, λ_c is the average center wavelength, and n_{eff} is the
- 5 effective refractive index of the two successive
- 6 waveguides.
- 1 10. The grating of claim 8 wherein said grating is
- 2 formed on a planar light circuit.
- 1 11. The grating of claim 8 wherein said grating
- 2 creates output signals having a flat spectral shape.

- 1 12. The grating of claim 8 wherein said grating is a
- 2 multiplexer.
- 1 13. The grating of claim 8 wherein said grating is a
- 2 demultiplexer.
- 1 14. The grating of claim 8 including a directional
- 2 coupler, which is coupled by a first and a second output
- 3 waveguide to said output slab waveguide.
- 1 15. The grating of claim 14 wherein a primary channel
- 2 spacing between output waveguides coupled to the first
- 3 directional coupler is less than a secondary channel
- 4 spacing between a first output waveguide coupled to a first
- 5 directional coupler and a first output waveguide coupled to
- 6 a second directional coupler.
- 1 16. The grating of claim 15 wherein the primary
- 2 channel spacing is about one quarter of the secondary
- 3 channel spacing.
- 1 17. A method comprising:
- 2 filtering a signal using an arrayed waveguide
- 3 grating; and
- 4 adjusting the spacing between successive
- 5 waveguides to generate a flat spectral output wave form.

- 1 18. The method of claim 17 including forming an
- 2 arrayed waveguide grating having an output waveguide
- 3 coupler coupled to a pair of output waveguides having a
- 4 length difference of approximately $(2m+1)\lambda_c/4n_{eff}$, where m is
- 5 an integer, λ_c is the average center wavelength, and n_{eff} is
- 6 the effective refractive index of the two successive
- 7 wavequides.
- 1 19. The method of claim 17 including forming the
- 2 grating on a planar light circuit.
- 1 20. The method of claim 17 including forming a
- 2 demultiplexer.
- 1 21. The method of claim 17 including forming a
- 2 multiplexer.
- 1 22. An optical filter comprising:
- an input and output waveguide coupler; and
- a waveguide pair coupled to said output waveguide
- 4 coupler, said waveguide pair having a length difference
- 5 such that a flat spectral output signal is produced.
- 1 23. The method of claim 22 including forming said
- 2 pair having a length difference of approximately
- 3 $(2m+1)\lambda_c/4n_{eff}$, where m is an integer, λ_c is the average

- 4 center wavelength, and n_{eff} is the effective refractive
- 5 index of the two successive waveguides.
- 1 24. The filter of claim 23 wherein said filter is a
- 2 demultiplexer.
- 1 25. The filter of claim 23 wherein said filter is a
- 2 multiplexer.
- 1 26. The filter of claim 22 wherein said filter is
- 2 formed as a planar light circuit.
- 1 27. The filter of claim 22 including a directional
- 2 coupler coupled to said pair.
- 1 28. The filter of claim 22 including a plurality of
- 2 waveguide pairs coupled to said output waveguide coupler.
- 1 29. A method comprising:
- 2 forming an arrayed waveguide grating including an
- 3 output slab waveguide coupled to a first and second output
- 4 waveguide coupled to a multi-mode interference coupler.
- 1 30. The method of claim 29 including coupling a
- 2 multi-mode interference coupler to said output slab
- 3 waveguides and coupling the first and second output

- 4 waveguides between said output slab waveguide and said
- 5 multi-mode interference coupler.
- 1 31. The method of claim 30 including making the
- 2 primary channel spacing between the first and second
- 3 waveguides coupled to the same coupler different than the
- 4 secondary channel spacing between the first and a third
- 5 waveguide coupled to different but adjacent couplers.
- 1 32. The method of claim 31 including making the
- 2 secondary channel spacing greater than the primary channel
- 3 spacing.
- 1 33. An arrayed waveguide grating comprising:
- 2 a waveguide array;
- an output slab waveguide coupled to said array;
- 4 and
- 5 a multi-mode interference coupler coupled to a
- 6 first and a second output waveguide also coupled to said
- 7 slab wavequide.
- 1 34. The grating of claim 33 including a pair of
- 2 multi-mode interference couplers, one coupler coupled to
- 3 the first and second output waveguides, a third and fourth
- 4 output waveguides, the other coupler coupled to said third
- 5 and fourth output waveguides.

- 1 35. The grating of claim 34 wherein a primary channel
- 2 spacing between the first and second output waveguides is
- 3 less than a secondary channel spacing between the first
- 4 output waveguide and the third output waveguide.